

# SSI: Removing Bottlenecks in High Performance Computational Science



Mark Gordon (PI), Theresa Windus, Daniel Crawford, David Sherrill, Lyudmila Slipchenko, Todd Martinez

IOWA STATE  
UNIVERSITY

VIRGINIA  
TECH

Georgia Institute  
of Technology

PURDUE  
UNIVERSITY

Stanford  
University

## Interoperability Among Quantum Chemistry Programs

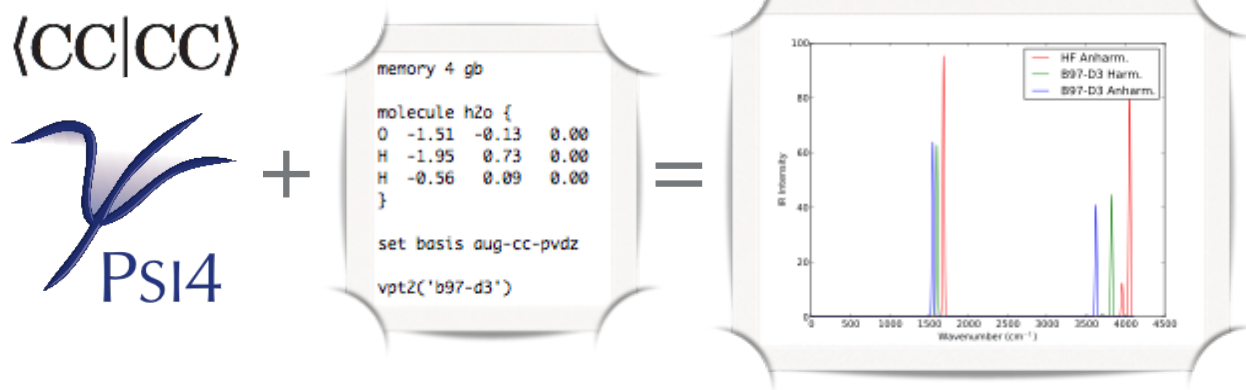
- Psi4
- GAMESS
- NWChem
- Cfour



- New library-level interfaces
- Light-weight data-sharing
- Driver/control codes
- Well-defined data standards

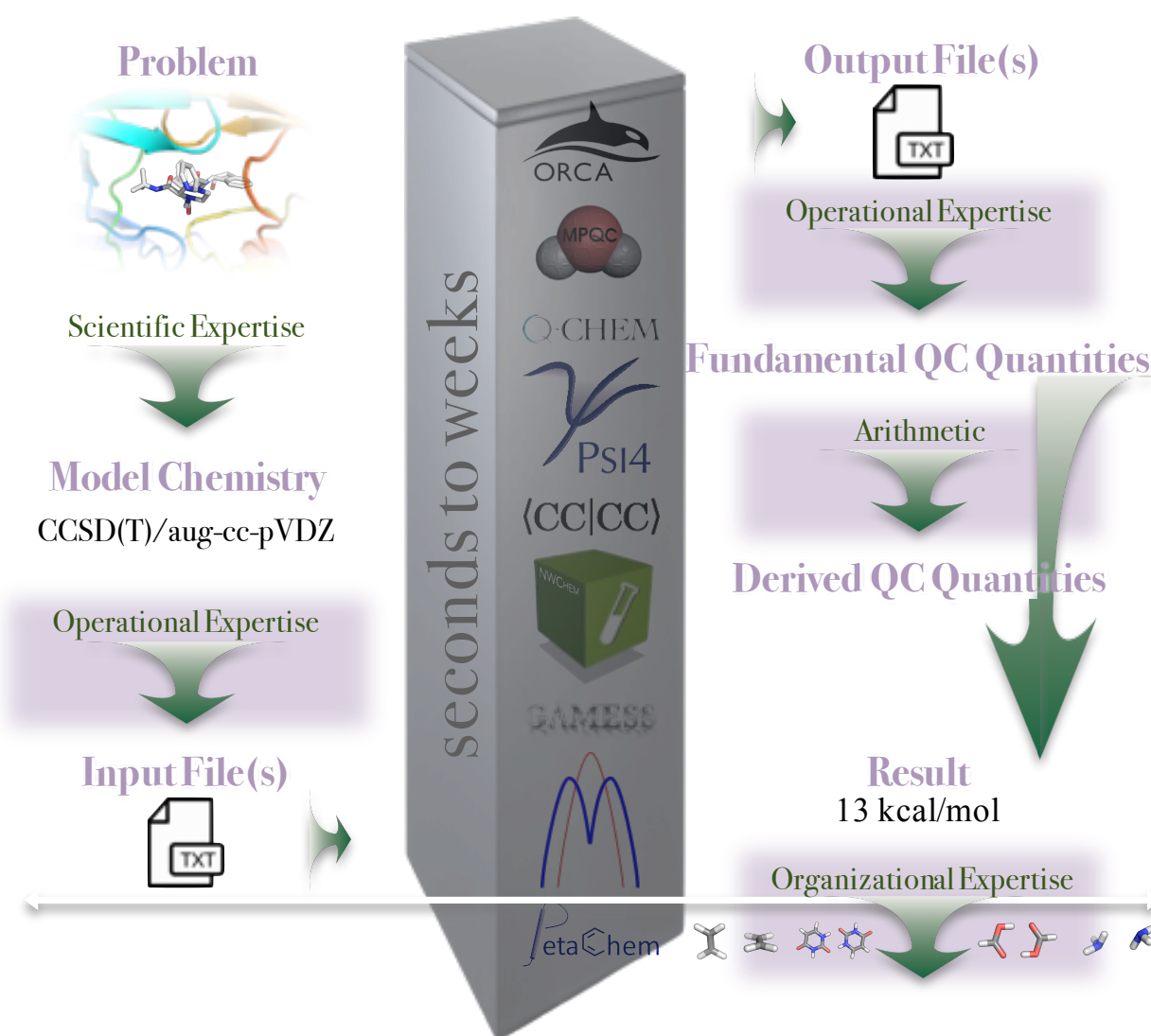
	Psi4	Cfour	Psi4 + Cfour
DFT 1st Deriv.	Yes	No	Yes
Anharmonic 2nd Deriv.	No	Yes	Yes
DFT Anharmonic 2nd Deriv.	No	No	Yes

best vibrational spectrum from *each* and *together*.



thanks to Prof. John Stanton & Dr. Devin Matthews for help with interface

## Targets of QCDB in the Research Workflow



# WRENCH: A Simulation Workbench for Scientific Workflow Users, Developers, and Researchers

<https://wrench-project.org>



UNIVERSITY  
of HAWAII  
MĀNOA



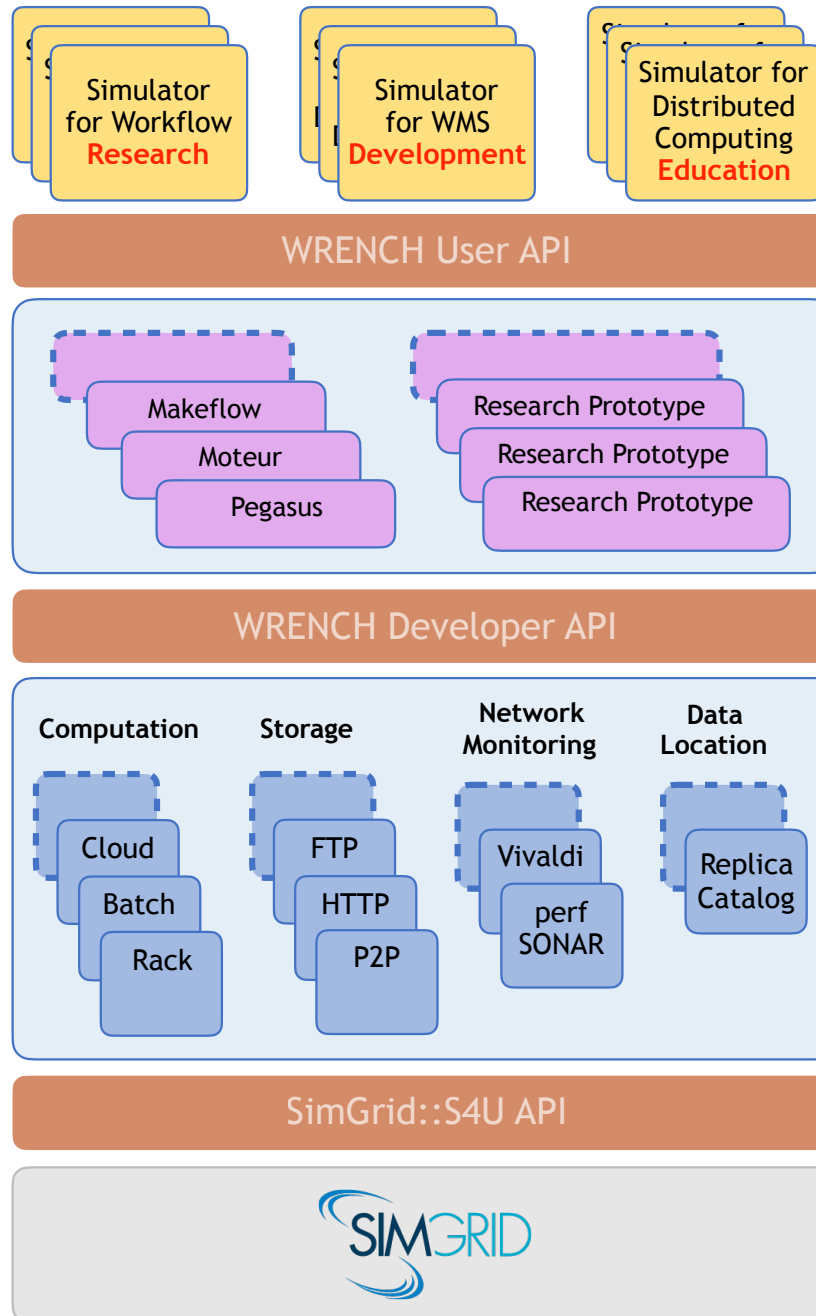
Henri  
Casanova



USC Viterbi  
School of Engineering  
Information Sciences Institute



Rafael  
Ferreira da Silva



## MOTIVATION

- ◆ **Scientific Workflow** applications are important
- ◆ But applications, software infrastructures, hardware platforms are complex
- ◆ We need a solid **experimental science** approach to understand all this
- ◆ Yet real-world experiments have limited scope

## OBJECTIVE

- ◆ Realize workflow execution **simulation** that is **accurate, fast, and scalable**
- ◆ Useful to
  - ◆ Domain (workflow) scientists
  - ◆ Workflow Manager Systems (WMS) developers
  - ◆ Educators

## APPROACH

- ◆ Build on the decades of research and development in the SimGrid project
- ◆ Implement the software stack on the left



# Jet Energy-Loss Tomography with a Statistically and Computationally Advanced Program Envelope (JETSCAPE)

**Mohammad Ebrahim Khalaj**

The JETSCAPE collaboration is tasked with the construction of a modular simulation tool and statistical data comparison package for high energy heavy-ion collisions. These collisions at Brookhaven National Lab. and at CERN create exploding droplets of matter which reach temperatures over a trillion degrees. At these temperatures neutrons and protons melt into a liquid plasma of quarks and gluons: the Quark Gluon Plasma (QGP). The modular JETSCAPE simulator, simulates all aspects of the collision of the ions: from the initial overlap, to the explosive expansion and evaporation into conventional matter. It allows theorists to assume a factorized approach by focusing on only one or two aspects of the evolution within the simulator, and modifying only those portions of the code base. It allows experimentalists access to a state-of-the-art event simulation tool to compare with experimental data, and to simulate their detector response.

# OpenQBMM – [www.opeqbmm.org](http://www.opeqbmm.org)

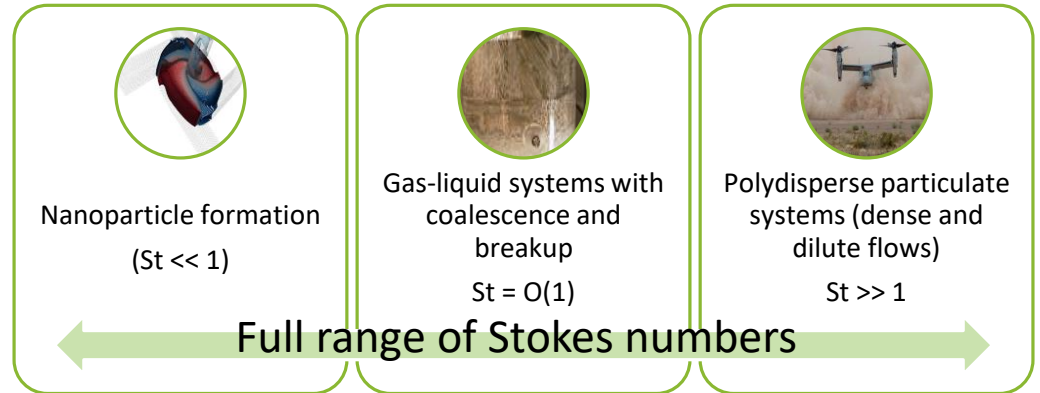
## What is OpenQBMM?

A suite of libraries and solvers for OpenFOAM® to implement quadrature-based moment methods.

## Features

- Robust
  - Automatic enforcement of moment realizability
  - Moment-preserving advection schemes
  - Realizable integration of stiff source terms
- Validated
  - Test-case provided for each core component
  - Validation cases provided as example application for solvers

## What problems can it solve?



## Broader impact and community

- 3 research groups at other institutions actively collaborate
  - University of Sherbrooke, Canada; Ecole Centrale Paris, France; University of Warwick, UK; Politecnico di Torino, Italy
- 6 external contributors
- Five graduate students supported (4 Ph.D., 1 M.Sc)
- 2 published journal articles (+ 2 in preparation)
- 24 invited talks
- Two training courses
- 3065 code builds (21 countries, non-unique IPs, ISU developers excluded)



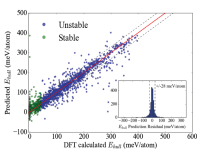
# SI2-SSI Collaborative Research: A Computational Materials Data and Design Environment

Dane Morgan (*Univ. of Wisconsin*), **ACI-Award 1148011**

Developed tools/data for computational materials design:



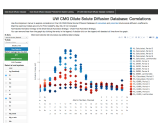
The Materials Simulation Toolkit (MAST) for high-throughput defect and diffusion modeling[1]



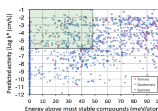
A Machine Learning extension (MAST-ML) to rapidly generate machine learning models from materials data[2].



Online defect and diffusion analysis apps on MaterialsHub[3].



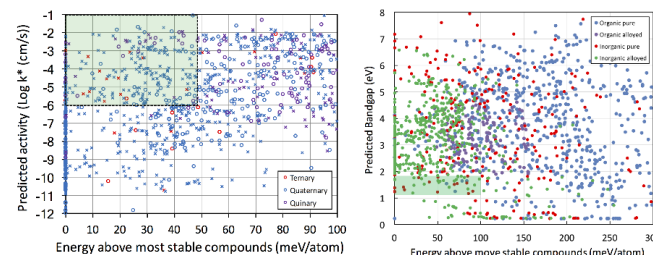
The world's largest computed and machine learning enhanced diffusion database with easy online search[4].



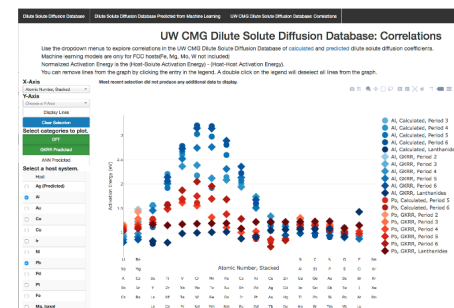
Valuable research results using these tools and data, e.g. new fuel cell materials[5].



Workforce training through the *Informatics Skunkworks*, an undergraduate materials informatics group[6].



New materials for fuel and solar cells.



Database of of diffusion coefficients.

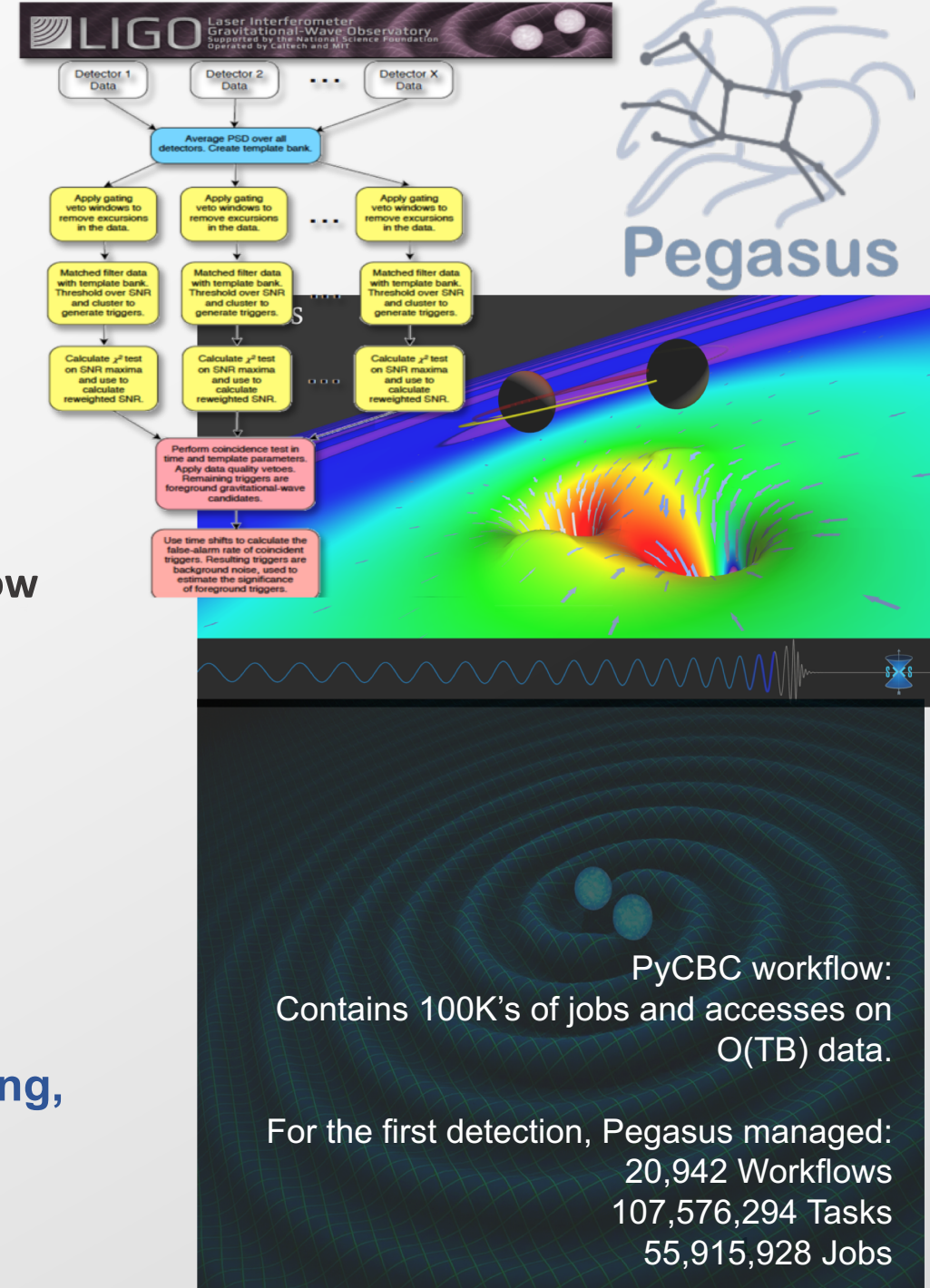


**WISCONSIN**  
innovation awards  
Finalist

50+ undergraduates in Skunkworks

# Pegasus: Automate, Recover, Debug

- Collaboration with Miron Livny, HTCondor
- Construct workflows in your favorite language (also Jupyter)
- Portability across heterogeneous infrastructure
  - Separation of workflow description and execution
  - Support for campus and leadership class clusters, OSG, XSEDE, academic and commercial clouds
  - Can interact with a number of different storage systems (with different protocols)
  - Supports containers
- Supports data reuse– useful in collaborations and ensemble workflow runs
- **Reliability:** Recovers from failures, retry, workflow-level checkpointing
- **Scalability:** O(million) task, O(TB) data in a workflow
- Restructures workflow for performance
- Supports reproducibility
- Web-based monitoring and debugging tools
- Can be included in various user-facing infrastructures
- Open source, available on Github
- Since 2001 used in astronomy, bioinformatics, climate modeling, earthquake science, molecular dynamics, helioseismology
- Funded by NSF under grant #1664162

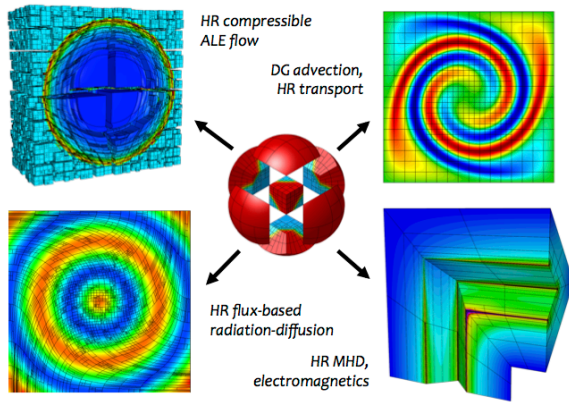




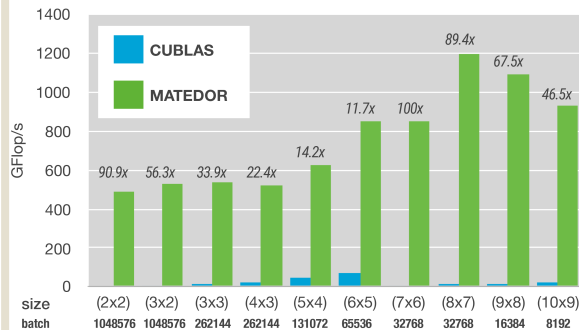
# SI2-SSE: **MATEDOR** Matrix, Tensor, and Deep-learning Optimized Routines

## Breadth of MATEDOR's impact on Application Domains

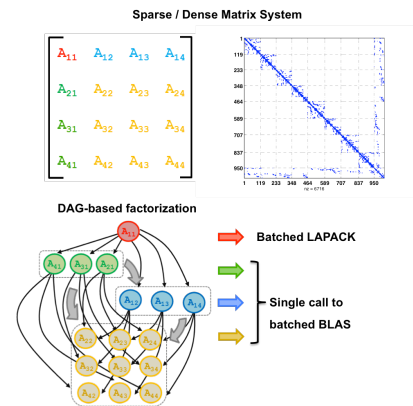
### Tensor Contractions High Order FEM & Applications



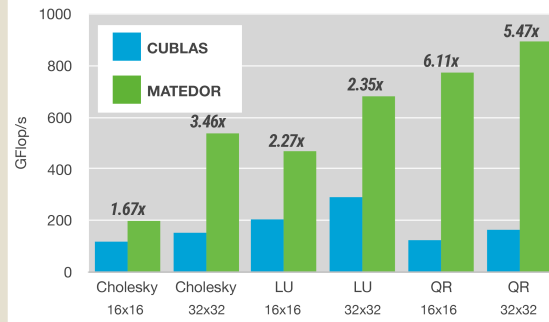
Tensor Contractions: computing  $B^T D (BAB^T) B$ , double precision, Tesla V100 GPU



### Sparse/Dense Solvers & Preconditioners



Batch Matrix Factorization, 100k matrices, double precision, Tesla V100 GPU



## MATEDOR SCOPE

The project seeks to develop

- **Software Technologies and Standard Interface for Batched Routines,**
- **Sustainable and Performance-Portable Software Library**

for large-scale computations, but whose individual parts are **many very small matrices or tensor computations.**

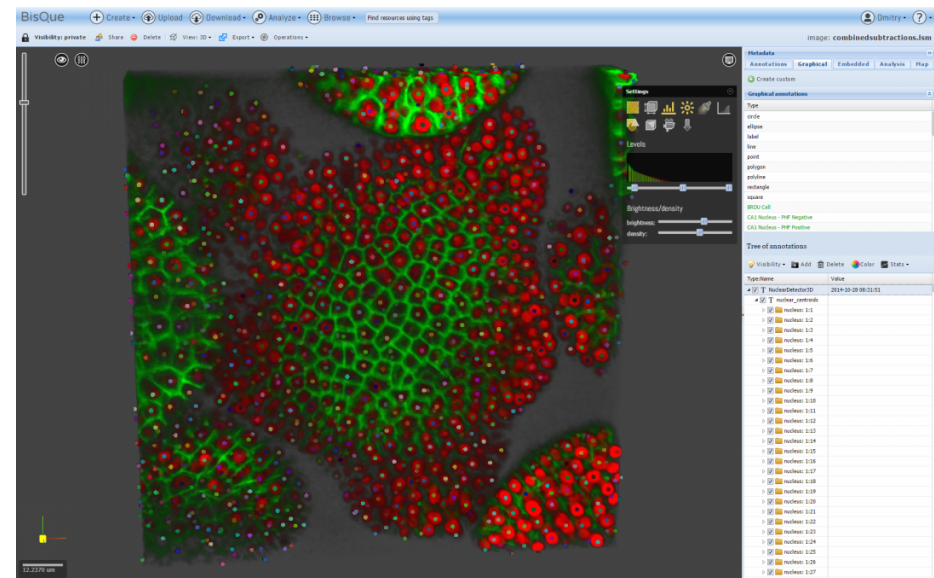
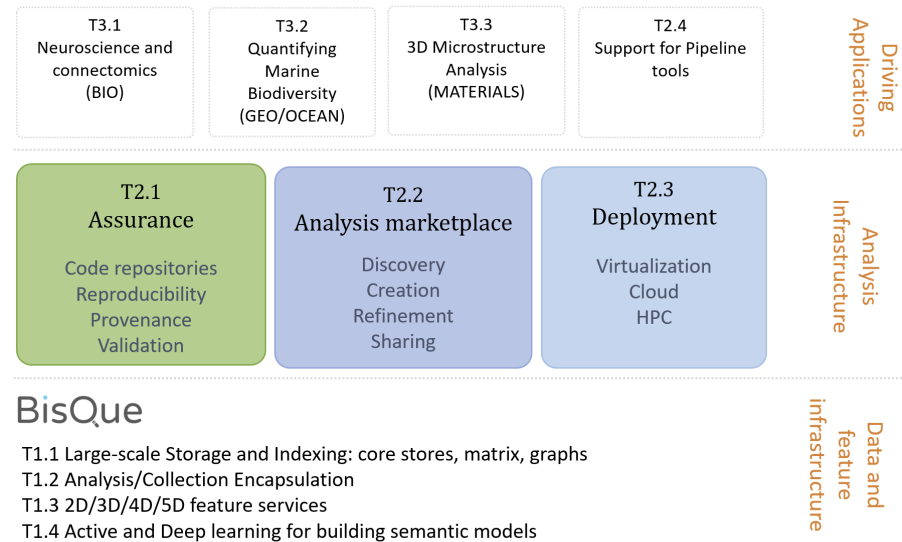
The main target is the acceleration of applications from important fields that fit this profile, including deep learning, data mining, astrophysics, image and signal processing, hydrodynamics, and more.

**We really appreciate your input and would encourage collaboration with your applications**

**Contact:** [haidar@icl.utk.edu](mailto:haidar@icl.utk.edu), [tomov@icl.utk.edu](mailto:tomov@icl.utk.edu)

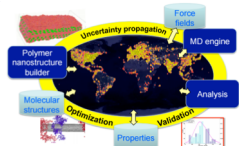
# LIMPID/BisQue Overview

- LIMPID is built on **cloud-based analysis platform BisQue**
- **Management, analysis, and sharing** of images and metadata for large-scale data science
- **Flexible and scalable query system** across network of multimodal data items
- **Module system** for scalable integration of analysis tasks over images and metadata
- 200+ life science image and video formats
- **Analysis marketplace:** easy sharing and discovery of analysis modules
- *More information on BisQue:*  
<http://bioimage.ucsb.edu/bisque>



## Approach and Goals

GOAL: enable pervasive, high-quality molecular simulations of polymers and their nanostructures



Develop a framework for molecular simulations of polymers and their nanostructures, universally accessible and useful to the community for cloud computing via NSF's nanoHUB.

1. Powerful simulation tools for polymer nanostructures (molecular builders, a parallel MD engine for property characterization and post-processing);
2. A UQ framework to orchestrate the molecular simulations and propagate uncertainties in input parameters to predictions and compare the predictions to experimental values;
3. Databases of force fields and molecular structures as well as predicted and experimental properties.

## Impact: tool usage

### PolymerModeler

Simulation Users: 1,297  
Mar 2018  
1200+ users  
42,000+ simulation runs



### nuSIMM

Simulation Users: 328  
Mar 2018  
320+ users  
47,000+ simulation runs



### Struc2LAMMPS: 100+ users

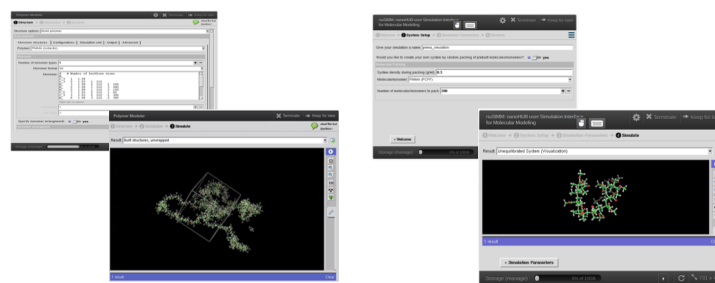
#### Use in research by outside groups

- Sahputra IH, Alexiadis A, Adams MJ. Molecular Simulation. 2018 Mar 24:1-7.
- Rzeznik L, Fleming Y, Wirtz T, Philipp P. Beilstein Journal of Nanotechnology. 2016 Aug 2;7(1):1113-28.
- Sebeck K, Shao C, Kieffer J. ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces. 2016 Jun 10.
- Rashidi V, Coyle EJ, Sebeck K, Kieffer J, Pipe KP. The Journal of Physical Chemistry B. 2017 Apr 24;121(17):4600-9.
- Sundarram SS, Li W. Polymer Engineering & Science. 2013 Sep 1;53(9):1901-9.
- Ingvason GA, Rollin V. In MRS Proceedings 2014 (Vol. 1700, pp. 61-66). Cambridge University Press.

## Tool set for polymer simulations

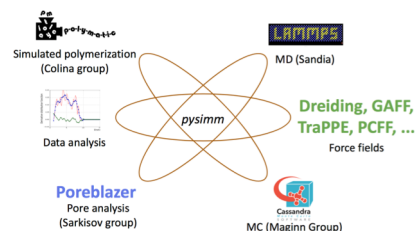
PolymerModel – <https://nanohub.org/tools/polymod>

nuSIMM – <https://nanohub.org/tools/nusimm>

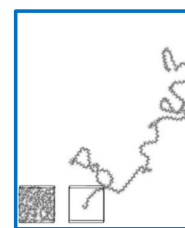


pySIMM – <http://github.com/polysimtools/pysimm>

Fortunato ME, Colina CM. pysimm: A python package for simulation of molecular systems. SoftwareX. 2017 Dec 31;6:7-12.

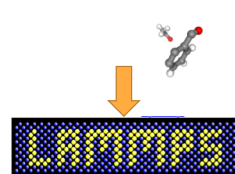


### Self-avoiding random walk



### LAMMPS Data File Generator

This tool generates all necessary input files for LAMMPS simulations of molecular systems.



## Setting up MD simulations

<https://nanohub.org/tools/struc2lammpsdf>

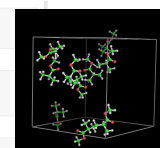
- Determine bond connectivity and topology
- Perform atom typing
- Create energy expression for LAMMPS
- Create required LAMMPS input files

## Scientific workflows

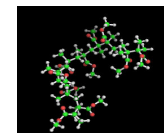
Jupyter notebooks running in nanoHUB

1. Pack monomers using PolymerModeler

2. Polymerize with nuSIMM



2. Polymerize with nuSIMM



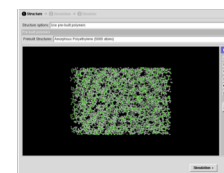
Jupyter notebooks:

- Combine text, graphics and live code
- nanoHUB notebooks seamlessly connect to simulation tools

## Impact: classroom use

Learning module: heat of fusion of PE

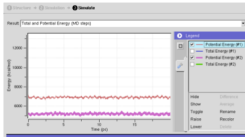
STEP 1: select initial structure



STEP 2: setup MD simulation



STEP 3: data analysis

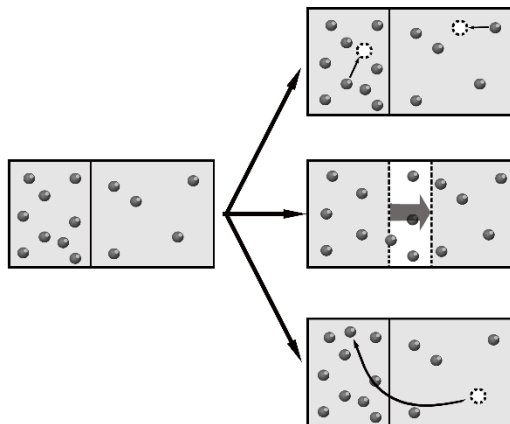


Students use MD simulations of heat of fusion together with DSC experiments to learn about crystallization dynamics

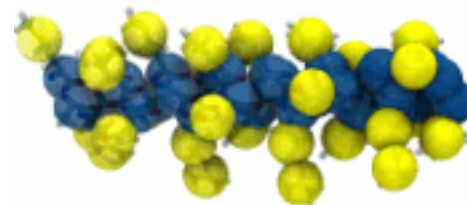
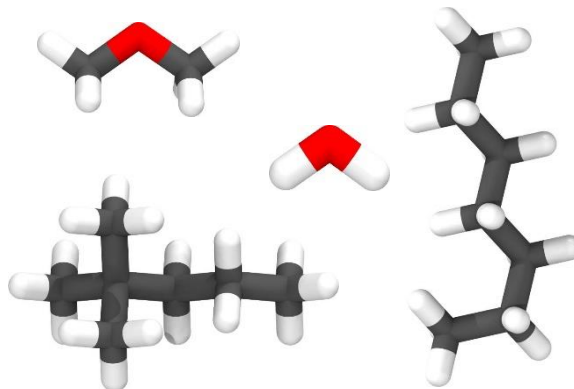
Classroom use:

- U of Florida CHM6586: Computational Chemistry. Total of 23 students, with 2 being undergrads.
- Purdue University MSE 697: Atomistic view of materials: Modeling and Simulations. Total of 18 graduate students.
- Purdue University MSE 235 Materials Properties Laboratory. Instructor: Prof. Michael Titus.

NVT, NPT,  
GCMC, and GEMC



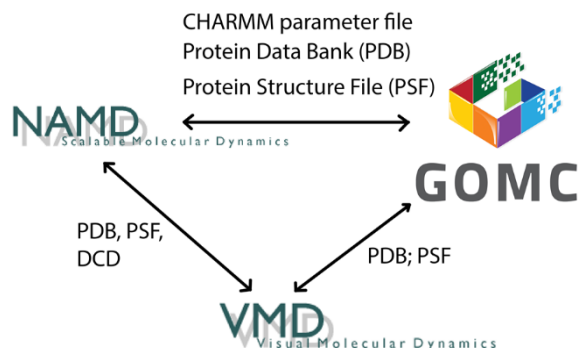
Linear, Branched,  
Polar



Martini  
Charmm  
OPLS  
Mie  
Custom Potential

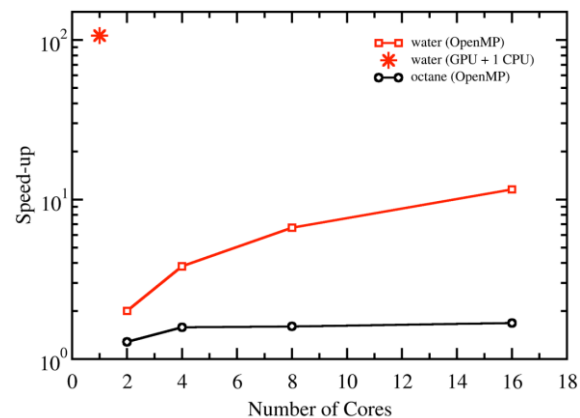
Moves Supported:

1. Displacement
2. Rotation
3. Swap
4. ID Exchange
5. Volume Exchange
  1. Isotropic
  2. Anisotropic



High Performance

- OpenMP+GPU





Award #1450459 :  
Collaborative Research:  
SS2-SSI: The Agave Platform:  
An Open  
Science-As-A-Service Cloud  
Platform for Reproducible  
Science

<https://agaveplatform.org>



THE LEADING ALL-IN-ONE **SCIENCE-AS-A-SERVICE** PLATFORM FOR THE OPEN SCIENCE COMMUNITY



Manage Data



Run Code



Collaborate  
Meaningfully



Integrate  
Anywhere

*Works with the academic and commercial research infrastructure you already use*



ZERO INSTALLATION FOR DEVELOPERS AND END USERS

Available in the Language you Love

With client SDK and reference web applications available in half a dozen languages in addition to a full CLI, chances are Agave is speaking your language.

DEVELOPER TOOLS

API DOCS

FULLY OPEN SOURCE AND FREE TO USE FOR THE OPEN SCIENCE COMMUNITY

# IPT: INTERACTIVE PARALLELIZATION TOOL

<https://ipt.tacc.cloud>

NSF SI2:SSE Award # 1642396

- IPT is a high-productivity tool for (1) semi-automatically parallelizing C/C++ code, (2) teaching parallel programming via demonstration
- Lowers the effort involved in parallel programming by more than 90% without significant loss in performance
- Deployed in the cloud – brings the parallel programming environment to a web browser
- Being used for workforce development in HPC – used in parallel programming trainings for TACC/XSEDE users

```
Terminal  Compile  Run  Job History  Help  Admin

Terminal

Your IPT terminal is ready.

ipt@43be716e9e1d:~$ IPT circuit.c

NOTE: We currently support only C and C++ programs.

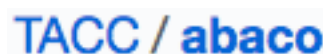
Please select a parallel programming model from the following available options:
1. MPI
2. OpenMP
3. CUDA
1

Please note that by default, the MPI Environment Initialization functions will be set in the main function.

Please choose the function that you want to parallelize from the list below
1 : main
2 : circuit_value
3 : i4_to_bvec
4 : timestamp
1

Please select a pattern from the following list that best characterizes your parallelization needs:
(Please refer to the user-guide for the explanation on each of the patterns, and note that not all the listed
patterns may be relevant for your application type.)
1. For-Loop Parallelization
2. Stencil
3. Pipeline
4. Data Distribution and Data Collection
```

Leverages NSF investments in other projects:



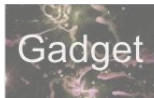
**Contact:** Ritu Arora, Email: [rauta@tacc.utexas.edu](mailto:rauta@tacc.utexas.edu)





# SSI: Inquiry-Focused Volumetric Data Analysis Across Scientific Domains: Sustaining and Expanding the yt Community

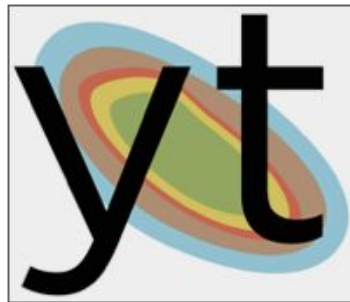
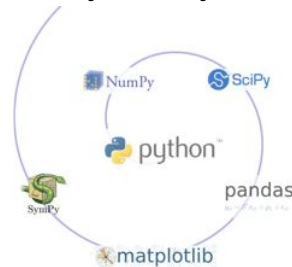
Nathan Goldbaum  
NCSA, University of Illinois  
ngoldbau@illinois.edu  
yt-project.org  
data-exp-lab.github.io



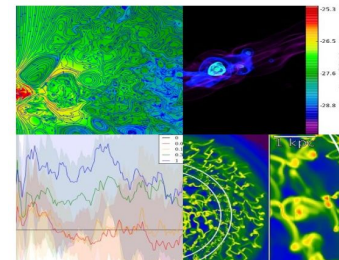
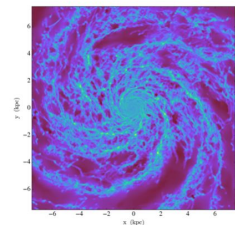
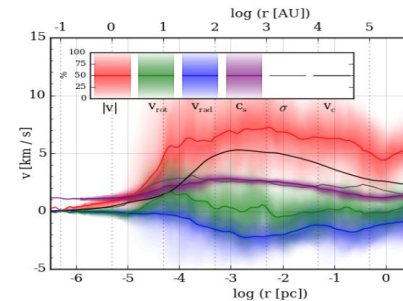
Ingest  
Data



SciPy Ecosystem



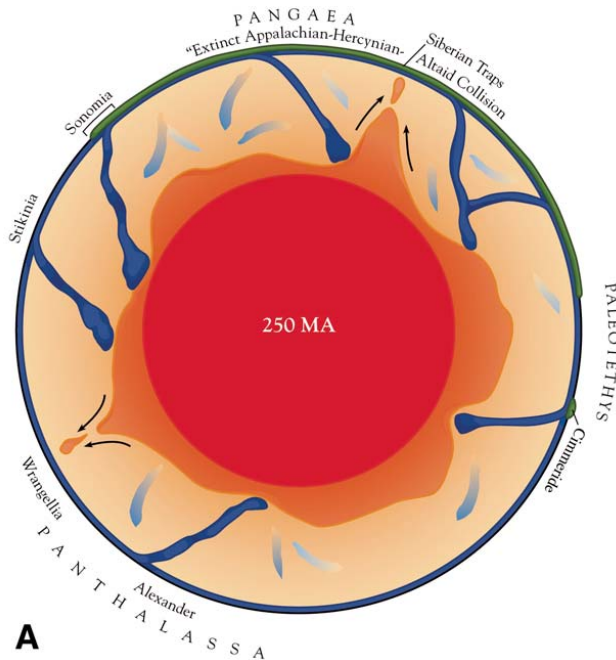
Analysis/  
Visualization



NUMFOCUS  
OPEN CODE = BETTER SCIENCE

# SSE's FOR MODELING PROCESSES IN THE MANTLE

Elbridge Gerry Puckett, University of California, Davis



**A**  
Schematic cross section of  
Earth 250 million years ago

- ▶ Discontinuous Galerkin Method with Bound Preserving limiters
- ▶ Volume-of-Fluid interface tracking algorithm
- ▶ Active tracer particles
- ▶ First two SSEs are new in the computational mantle convection community
- ▶ New mathematical demonstrations that the particle algorithms converge to the *exact* solution of the Stokes equations
- ▶ All SSEs are implemented in the open-source, community driven code ASPECT



# Montage As A Visualization Engine

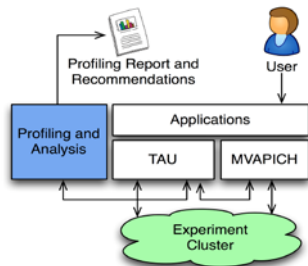
- Entering 16<sup>th</sup> year of support of to the astronomy and IT communities.
- ANSI-C toolkit design has led to applications in areas we never anticipated: support for JWST, discovery of Near-Earth objects ...
- ... And as a visualization engine.
  - Berriman and Good PASP 201, 129, 058006. 1,100 downloads, Top Ten most read papers in 2017.
  - Graphics engine, innovative adaptive stretch, modern data structures.

## Integrating MVAPICH and TAU via the MPI Tools Interface

# The Ohio State University

University of Oregon

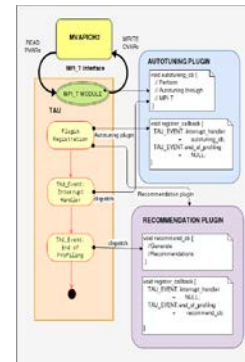
***Creating an MPI programming infrastructure that can integrate performance analysis capabilities more directly, through the MPI Tools Information Interface, monitor performance metrics during run time, and deliver greater optimization opportunities for scientific applications.***



The diagram illustrates the BEACON / PYCOOL architecture. At the top left, a box labeled "BEACON / PYCOOL" contains two sub-boxes: "Observe PVARs" and "Tune CVARs". To the right, a box labeled "User (Non-interactive and interactive report/analysis modes)" is connected to a box labeled "MPI Applications (P3DFFT, HPCG, Amber, 3DStencil)". Below these, a large box labeled "MPI-T Interface" is divided into two main sections: "TAU" and "MVAPICH". The "TAU" section contains three sub-boxes: "Report and management variables", "Interaction (user feedback)", and "Control policies". The "MVAPICH" section contains three sub-boxes: "Performance Variables", "Control Variables", and "Advanced Performance Counters". Arrows indicate the flow of data and control between these components. A box labeled "Publish Control Variables" is connected to the "MPI Applications" and the "MPI-T Interface". A box labeled "Publish Performance Variables" is connected to the "MPI-T Interface" and the "BEACON / PYCOOL" box. At the bottom, a box labeled "Multi-/many-cores, hierarchy and heterogeneity, RDMA networks (HW Performance counters: CPU, Memory and network)" is connected to the "MPI-T Interface".

## Overall Architecture

- Plugins are written in C/C++ and register callbacks for desired events
  - e.g. FUNCTION REGISTRATION, ATOMIC EVENT REGISTRATION, ATOMIC EVENT TRIGGER, INTERRUPT TRIGGER, END OF EXECUTION
- **Design of Auto tuning Plugin**
  - Registers callback for INTERRUPT TRIGGER
    - Triggered when TAU configured to collect PVARs at regular intervals
  - **Use Case:** Works in conjunction with MMAP2 to track use of VBUFs using PVARs and triggers CVARs to reduce VBUF usage on exceeding pre specified threshold
  - **Benefit:** Reduces additional memory consumed by unused VBUFs



## TAU Plugin Architecture

- **Design of Recommendation Plugin**
  - Registers callback for END OF PROFILING
    - Triggered when TAU configured to collect PVARs at regular intervals
  - **Use Case:** Works in conjunction with MVAPICH2 to track use of Allreduce collective using PVARs
  - **Benefit:** Recommends the use of appropriate collective algorithms using CVARs based on profiling
    - e.g. Recommends use of SHARP-based allreduce through the CVAR `MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_SHARP` if small message Allreduce is used frequently

- **PVARs to measure various aspects of collective algorithm usage has been added to MVAPICH2**
  - e.g. bytes/messages sent/received
- **Introduced support for new MPI\_T based CVARs to MVAPICH2**
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_USE\_BLOCKING
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_RNDV\_PROTOCOL
  - MPIR\_CVAR\_USE\_SHARED\_MEM

[illegible]

### Listing of new PVARs added to MVAPICH2 as Displayed by ParaProf

- Multiple releases of MVAPICH2 and TAU have been made that include support for PVARs, CVARs and associated interactions
- Future plans include:
  - Enhancing the MPI\_T support in MVAPICH2 and co-designing TAU to take advantage of it
  - Study benefits of utilizing CVARs exposed by MVAPICH2 at application level at scale
  - Study challenges in providing an interactive performance engineering functionality for end users

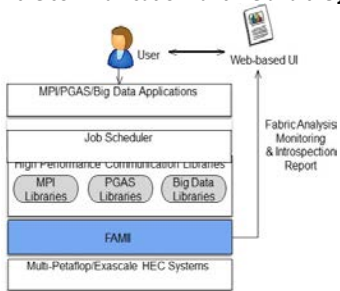
**Supported by**

ACI-1450440, ACI-1450471, ACI-1053575, TG-ASC090010 &  
TG-NCR130002

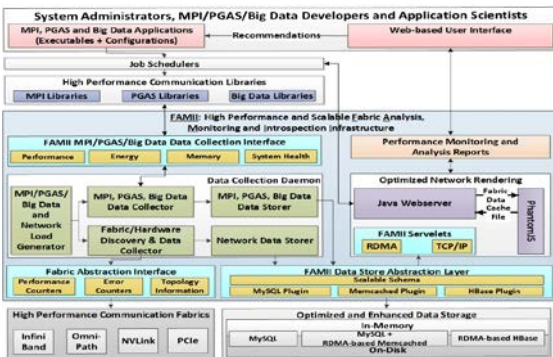


## Vision

*Can a high performance and scalable tool be designed which is capable of analysing and correlating the communication on the fabric with behaviour of HPC/Big Data applications through tight integration with the communication runtime and the job scheduler?*



## Framework



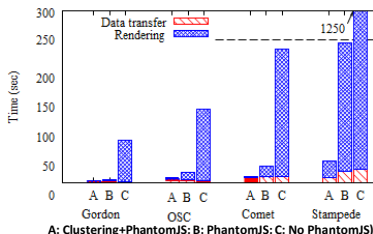
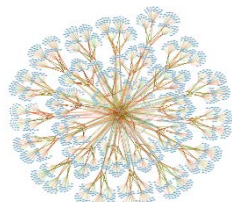
The Proposed Performance Monitoring, Analysis, and Introspection Framework

## Release and Research Dissemination

- A v0.9.3 release of the enhanced FAMII tool has been made on 03/16/18
  - <http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu/tools/osu-inam/>
  - Over 150 downloads so far
- This release has been installed at OSC to monitor various clusters
- Installed and available on multiple clusters at OSU
- Other early adopters include NOAA and Pratt & Whitney

## Optimized Network Rendering

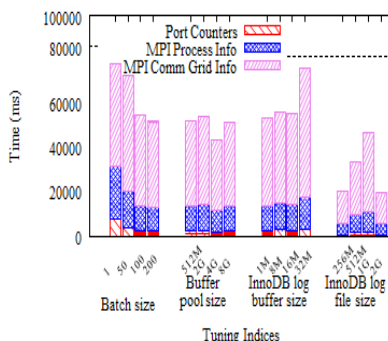
- PhantomJS pre-renders and caches network by running the visualization module used for the network stabilization process
- Pre-rendered view updated in background when fabric is scanned to avoid stale views



Performance breakup of UI load time with 100 Mbps Ethernet connection

## Enhanced Data Store Abstraction Layer and Data Collection Daemon

- Scalable Schema for Optimized Data Store**
  - Redesigned database schema to store communication grid information in single text field
- Multithreaded Design for Data Collection Daemon**
  - Use separate database thread with separate connection to increase parallelism and reduce contention



Impact of MySQL optimization on performance of insert operations

## Future Work

- Extend data collection daemon to gather intra-node topology, GPU-related information and update the data collection interface to gather information from the Omni-Path fabric
- Design Network and Application Load Generator
- Enhance PGAS/Big Data middleware to take advantage of FAMII

Supported by  
OAC-1664137 & TG-NCR130002

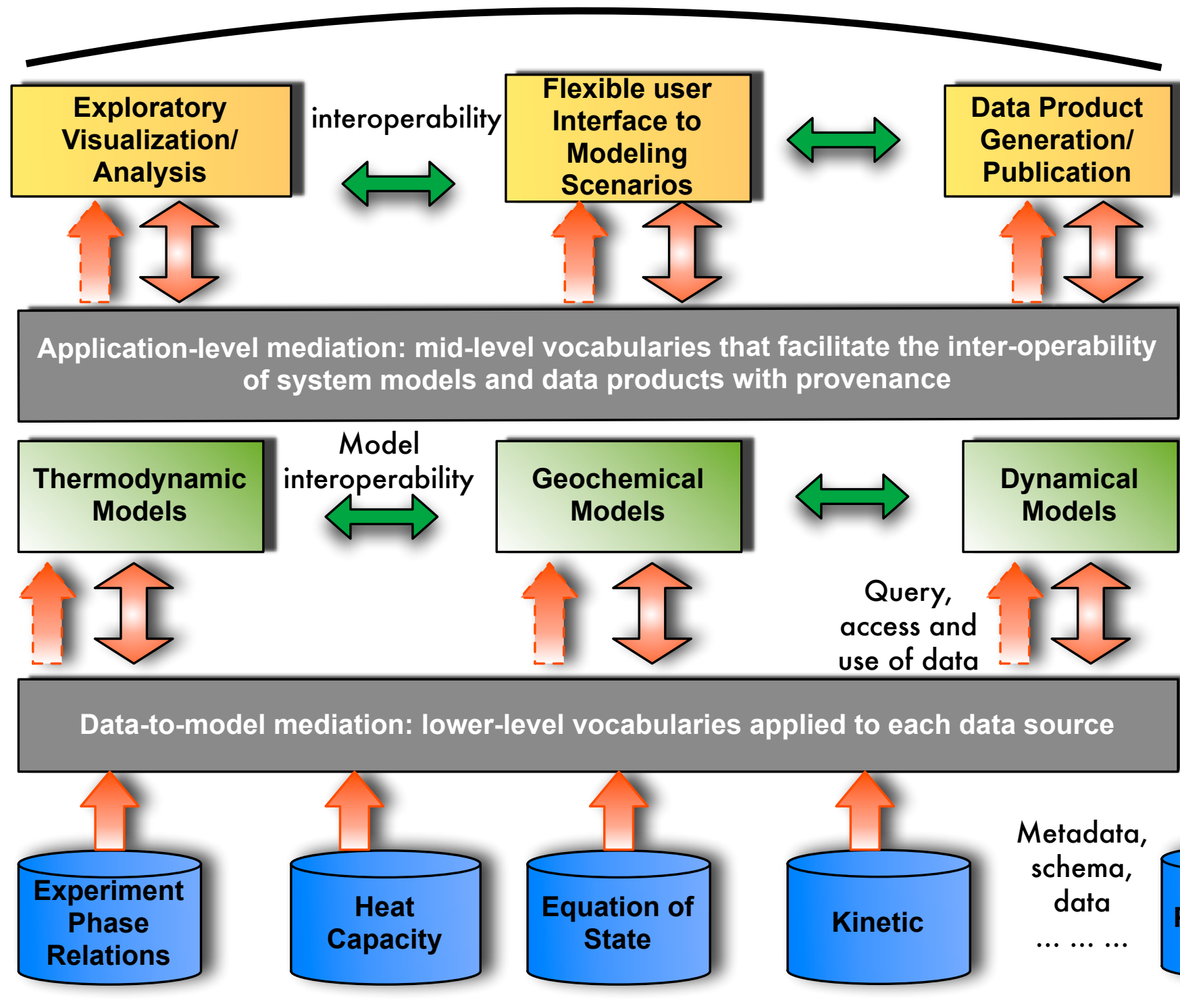
# ENKI: Software infrastructure that **EN**ables **K**nowledge **I**ntegration for modeling coupled geochemical and geodynamical processes

PIs: MS Ghiorso, G Bergantz, P Fox, E Shock, M Spiegelman, D Sverjensky, A. Wolf



## Web-based user interface and scripting environment

ENKI ecosystem:  
More info at [enki-portal.org](https://enki-portal.org)



### User interface built on:

- Jupyter Hub
- Jupyter Lab
- Custom lab extensions
- [enki.ofm-research.org](https://enki.ofm-research.org)

### Open source code:

- Python-based API
- Standard models
- Model calibration
- Workflow tracking
- GitLab: [enki-portal](https://enki-portal.org)

### Data repositories:

- Support model calibration, expansion and testing



# A Plug-and-Play Software Platform of Robotics-Inspired Algorithms for Modeling Biomolecular Structures and Motions



NSF ACI  
SI2-SSE #1440581



Amarda Shehu  
Computer Science



Erion Plaku  
Computer Science



Adrian Roitberg  
Chemistry

- ❑ **Objective:** Address algorithmic impasse on characterizing (*biological*) *form-to-function* relationship through a *plug-and-play platform of open-source software elements*.
- ❑ **Premise:** Address by integrating algorithmic efforts of AI researchers on *search and optimization* and modeling efforts of biophysics researchers on molecular mechanics and energetics.

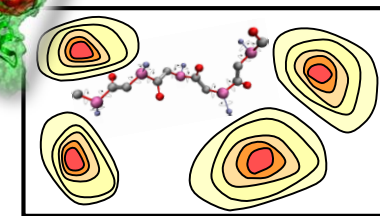
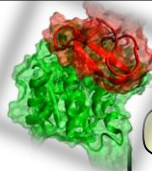


Turing, AM. (1952) Chemical basis of morphogenesis. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London. Series B, Biological Sciences* 237(641):37-72.

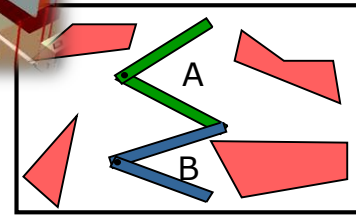
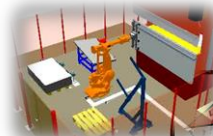
## Application Setting:

Protein and peptide structure and dynamics.

Software elements integrate search and optimization algorithms inspired from **robot motion planning** with sophisticated molecular models grounded in the latest understanding of **protein biophysics**.

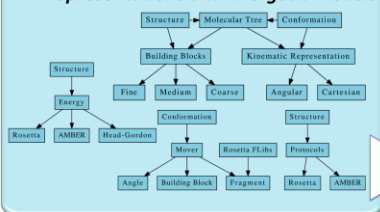


protein: continuous energy surface

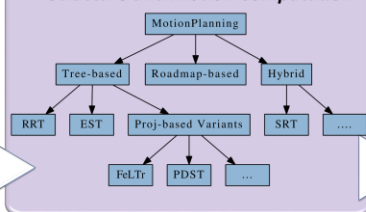


articulated robot: 0/1 obstacles

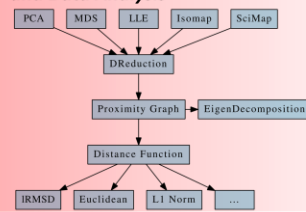
## State-of-the-art Molecular Representations and Energetic Models



## Robotics-inspired Algorithms for Structure and Motion Computation



## Standardized Performance and Data Analysis



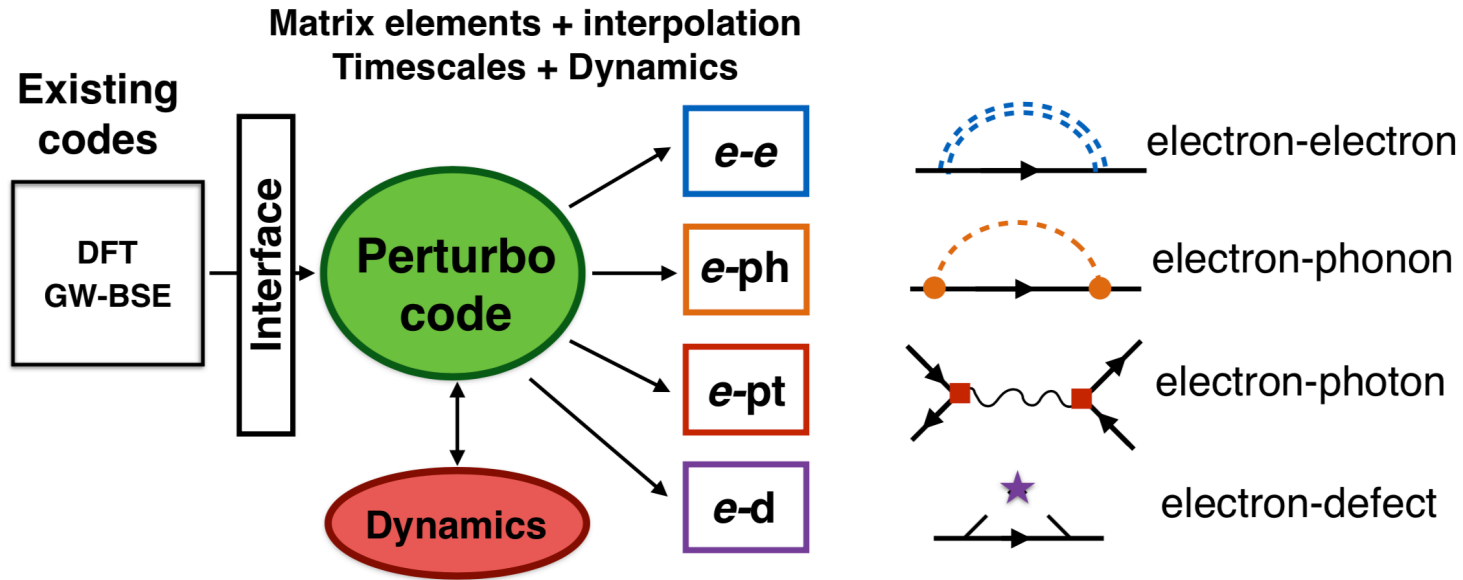
## Dissemination:

- ❑ Open-source software (ROMEO) on gitlab.
- ❑ Workshops and tutorials (on ROMEO) at ACM and IEEE conferences.
- ❑ Testing labs of research collaborators (INOVA, NCI, CUA, NEU, UPENN).
- ❑ Educational partners (UMass Boston, ODU, Lehigh, UNM).
- ❑ Research articles (BMC Genomics 2018, JCB 2017, JAIR 2016, IEEE/ACM TCBB 2016, Robotica 2016, IEEE NanoBioScience 2016, and others).

**Project Page:** <http://cs.gmu.edu/~ashehu/?q=SI2-SSE15Project>

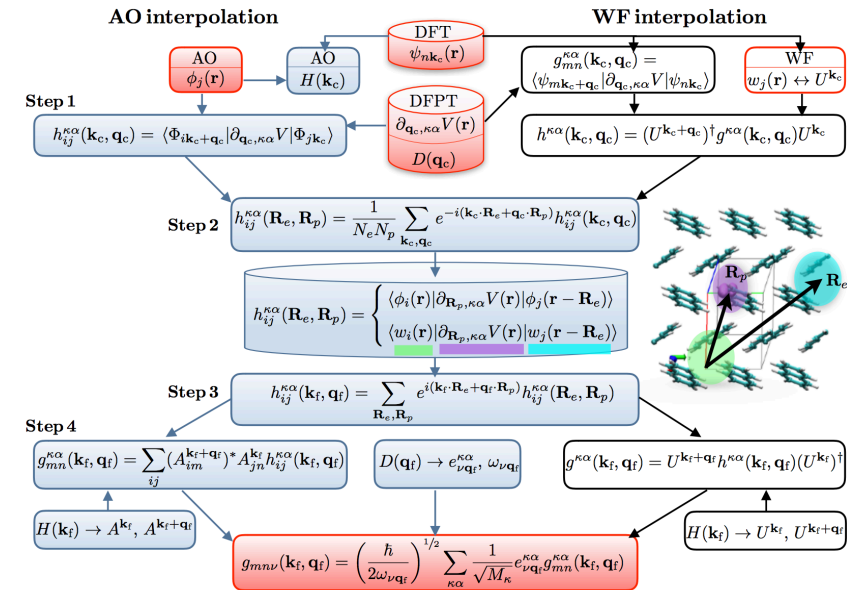
**Contact Info:** [amarda@gmu.edu](mailto:amarda@gmu.edu)

# PERTURBO: A software platform for accelerated discovery of microscopic processes in materials

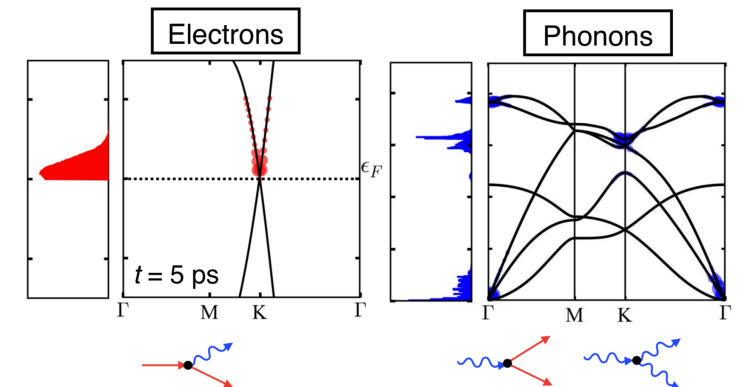


- Ab initio transport and ultrafast dynamics: hot carrier cooling, carrier conductivity, spin-flip dynamics, ...
- e-ph: Atomic orbital & Wannier fn. interpolation, long-range e-ph, spin-orbit coupling, anharmonicity.
- Stand-alone code, Python interface+Fortran routines, MPI+OpenMP parallelization

## Workflow for computing the e-ph matrix



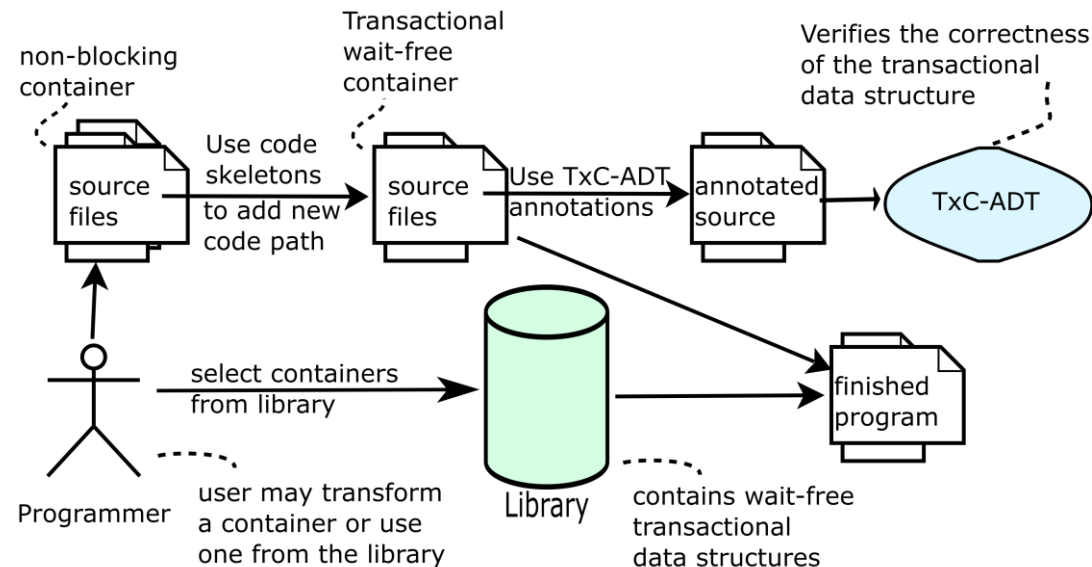
## Coupled dynamics of excited electrons and phonons



# Transactional Lockless Data Structures



- TLDS is a framework for the development of transactional data structures
- Key Components
  - Scalable methodology for transforming non-blocking data structures into transactional data structures
  - Library of transactional data structures
  - Tool to validate their correctness
- Purpose: to enable software developers to easily construct highly scalable applications
- Potential use cases
  - In-memory databases
  - Scientific applications
  - Data analysis applications
  - Web servers



# SI2-SSI: SAGE2 (Scalable Amplified Group Environment)

Jason Leigh, University of Hawai'i at Mānoa

Maxine Brown, Luc Renambot, University of Illinois at Chicago

SAGE2 is a web-based, user-centered platform for small groups or distributed teams to access digital media datasets from various sources and share and investigate content on display walls. SAGE2 builds on SAGE, previously funded by NSF.

By making cyberinfrastructure more accessible to end systems and to end users, both in the lab and in the classroom, SAGE2 is transforming data visualization, data exploration and collaboration.

## SAGE2 features:

- SAGE2Cloud sets up multiple servers
- Jupyter Notebooks and cells (sections of notebooks) sharing
- Voice Commands



~90 SAGE2 sites worldwide since 2015  
and over 160 SAGE sites (as of 2014)



SAGE2 used in the CAVE2 at Monash University, Melbourne, Australia

[www.sagecommons.org](http://www.sagecommons.org)

*SAGE, SAGE2 and CAVE2 are trademarks of the University of Illinois Board of Trustees.*



Laboratory for Advanced  
Visualization & Applications  
Univ. of Hawai'i at Mānoa



Electronic Visualization  
Laboratory  
Univ. of Illinois at Chicago



Award 1441963



# Software Framework for Electronic Structure of Molecules and Solids

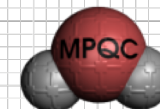
Garnet Kin-Lic Chan

Caltech

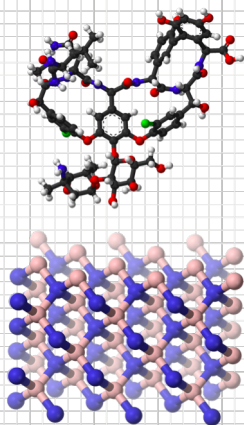
Toru Shiozaki



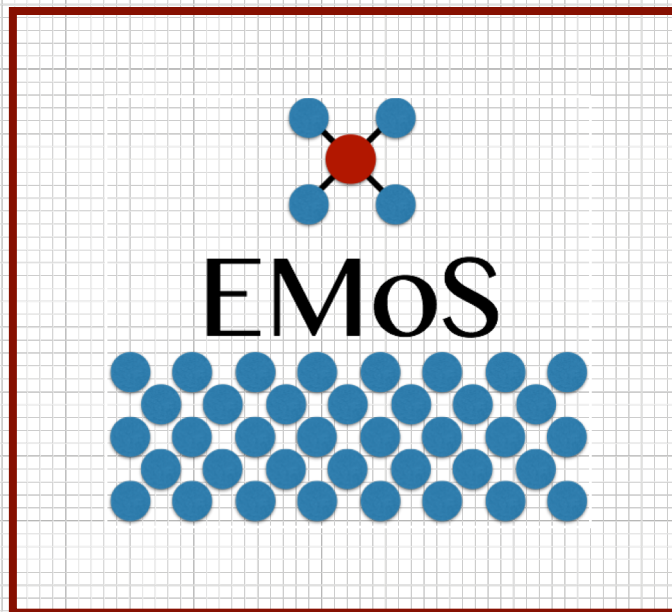
Edward F. Valeev



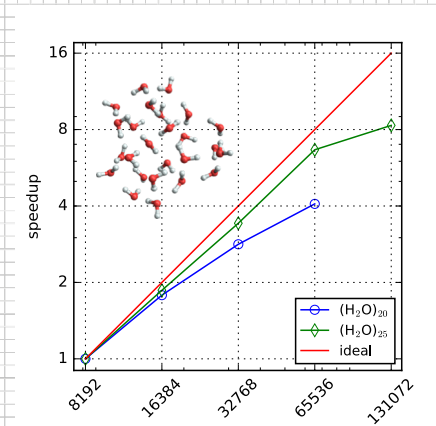
molecules and solids



reduced complexity formalisms




high-level composition in C++/Python



high performance with 1 ... 10<sup>5</sup> cores



# Expanding Volunteer Computing

- Volunteer computing provides ~100 PetaFLOPS, to ~50 scientists
- Project goals: increase both numbers, especially the 50 
- Add BOINC back ends to TACC, nanoHUB
- Create new “non-nerd” volunteer interface based on science areas rather than projects

TrajAnalytics: A Cloud-Based Visual Analytics Software  
System to Advance Transportation Studies Using  
Emerging Urban Trajectory Data.

**Ye Zhao**

# Massively-Parallel Real-Time TDDFT Modules for Non-Equilibrium Electron Dynamics

NSF: SI2-SSE project (Oct. 2017~)



Yi Yao, Alina Kononov, Erik Draeger (Collaborator), Andre Schleife (co-PI), Yosuke Kanai (lead-PI)

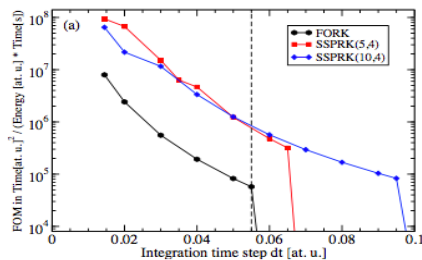
## Real-Time Time-Dependent Density Functional Theory (RT-TDDFT) Simulations

$$\left\{ i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} |\phi_i(t)\rangle = \hat{H}_{KS} |\phi_i(t)\rangle \right\}_{i=1..N} \quad \hat{H}_{KS} \equiv -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_e} \nabla^2 + \hat{V}_{ext}(t) + \hat{V}_H[\{\phi_i(t)\}] + \hat{V}_{XC}[\{\phi_i(t)\}]$$

Coupled non-linear PDEs w/ millions of PWs for representing the single-particle states.  $\phi_i(\mathbf{r}, t) = \psi_{nk}(\mathbf{r}, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Omega}} \sum_{\mathbf{G}} C_n(\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{k}, t) e^{i(\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{G})\cdot\mathbf{r}}$

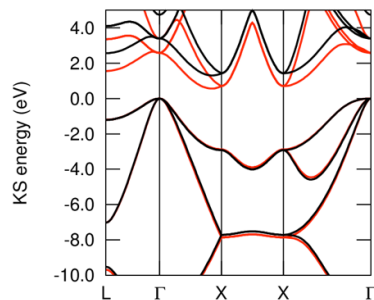
Challenges addressed through development of new modules in Qb@II code

## Highly scalable explicit integrators

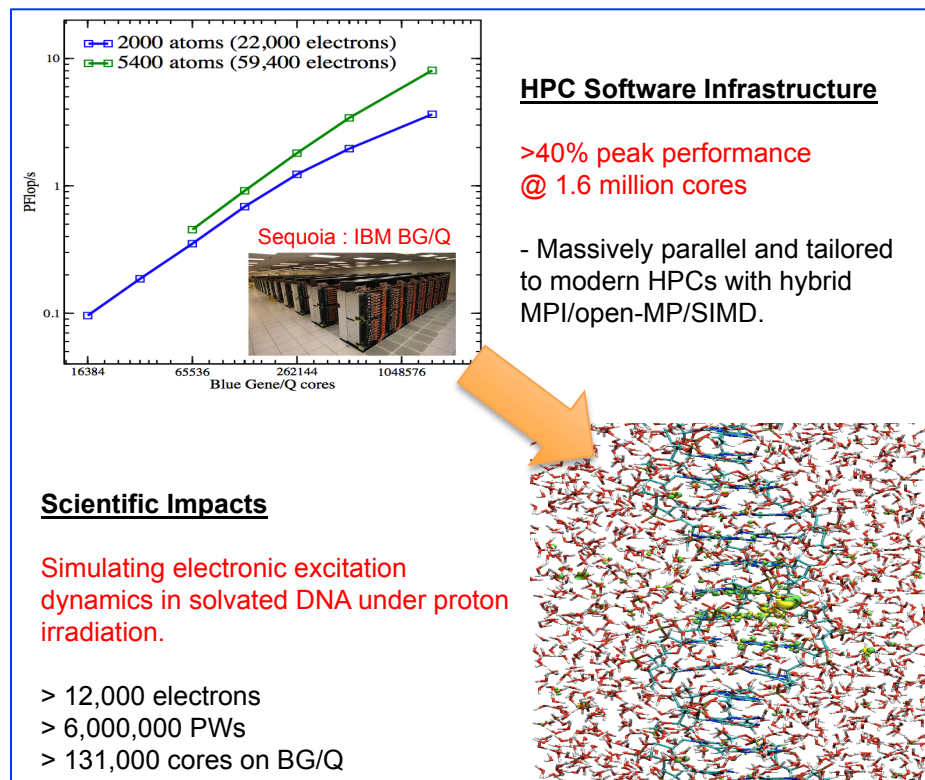


Recent **Strong Stability-Preserving Runge-Kutta (SSPRK)** methods to reduce “time-to-solution”.

## Advanced and efficient approximation to $V_{XC}$



Recent **Strongly Constrained and Approximately Normed (SCAN)** approximation to improve accuracy at a reasonable increase in computational cost.



# Is your Science Hijacked by your compiler?

Ganesh Gopalakrishnan  
School of Computing  
University of Utah  
**Salt Lake City**, UT 84112

PhD Student : Michael Bentley

Lab Collaborator : Dong H. Ahn (LLNL)



# Enabling Multiscale and Multiphysics Applications in Fluid Dynamics, Solid Mechanics, and Fluid-Structure Interaction

Boyce E. Griffith, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Matthew G. Knepley, University at Buffalo, and Neelesh A. Patankar, Northwestern University

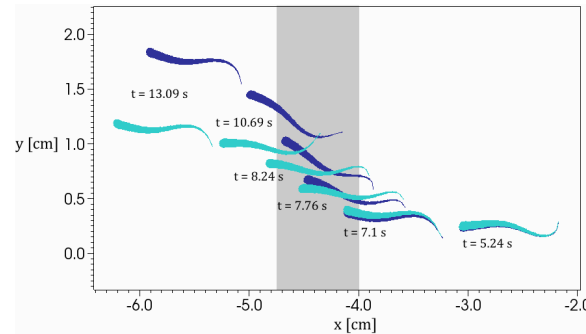
Objectives: To advance the **IBAMR** software infrastructure for simulating **fluid-structure interaction (FSI)** using the **immersed boundary (IB)** method with **adaptive mesh refinement (AMR)** through specific projects on:

- Numerical Methods;
- Solver Infrastructure; and
- User Interface Tools

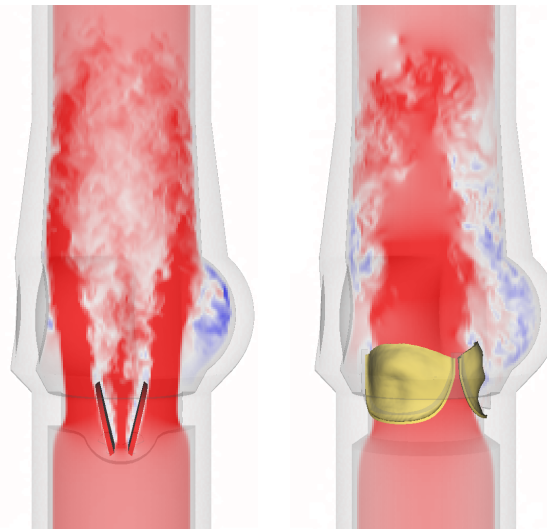
This work is coupled to applications in *aquatic locomotion*, *cardiac electromechanics*, and *esophageal transport*.

Sustained Impacts: **IBAMR** has been used at more than 20 colleges and universities in the U.S. and internationally and at the U.S. *Food and Drug Administration*.

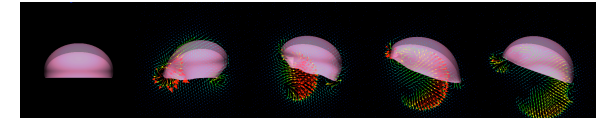
[ibamr.github.io](https://ibamr.github.io)



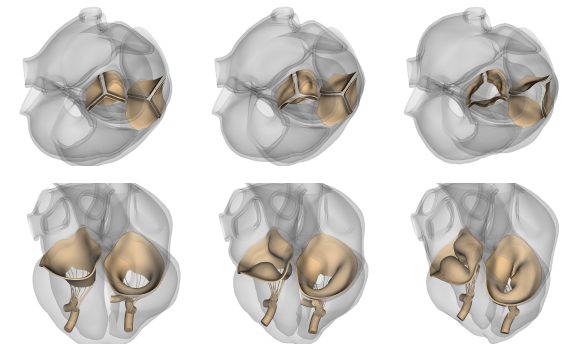
Swimming through an upward jet with (cyan) and without (blue) feedback.



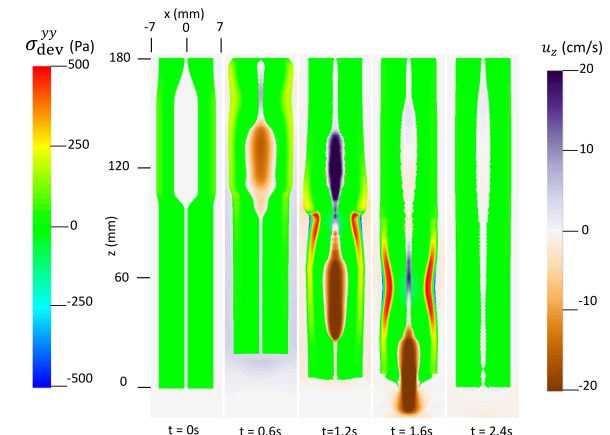
Fluid dynamics of mechanical (left) and bioprosthetic (right) heart valves.



Jellyfish turns and maneuvers.



CT-based FSI heart model.



Bolus transport and wall stress in a model of esophageal transport.

# A United Theory of van der Waals forces in Non-Local Density Functional Theory

T. Thonhauser – Wake Forest University



NSF DMR 1712425



# SLACKHA: Software Library for Accelerating Chemical Kinetics on Hybrid Architectures

**PIs:** Kyle E. Niemeyer (Oregon State Univ.) & Chih-Jen Sung (Univ. of Connecticut)

**Students:** Nicholas Curtis @ Univ. of Connecticut; Andrew Alferman, Parker Clayton, Morgan Mayer, Phillip Mestas @ Oregon State Univ.

## Goals

accelerate the computation of chemical kinetics in simulations of reactive fluid flows, optimized for hybrid CPU/GPU processing architectures

## Why?

- Cost of using detailed chemical kinetic models
- Trend towards heterogeneous computing with accelerators

## Mature Components

pyJac: open-source Python package that generates source code used to analytically calculate Jacobian matrices for chemical kinetics

accelerInt: open library of vectorized solvers, usable on heterogeneous architectures (CPU, GPU, MIC, ...)

## Impact

- Users from combustion in academia, national labs
- Used in study of Langmuir turbulence effects on upper ocean carbonate chemistry
- Currently being used to accelerate large eddy simulation of reacting bluff-body flow

 <http://slackha.github.io/>

 <https://groups.io/g/slackha-users>

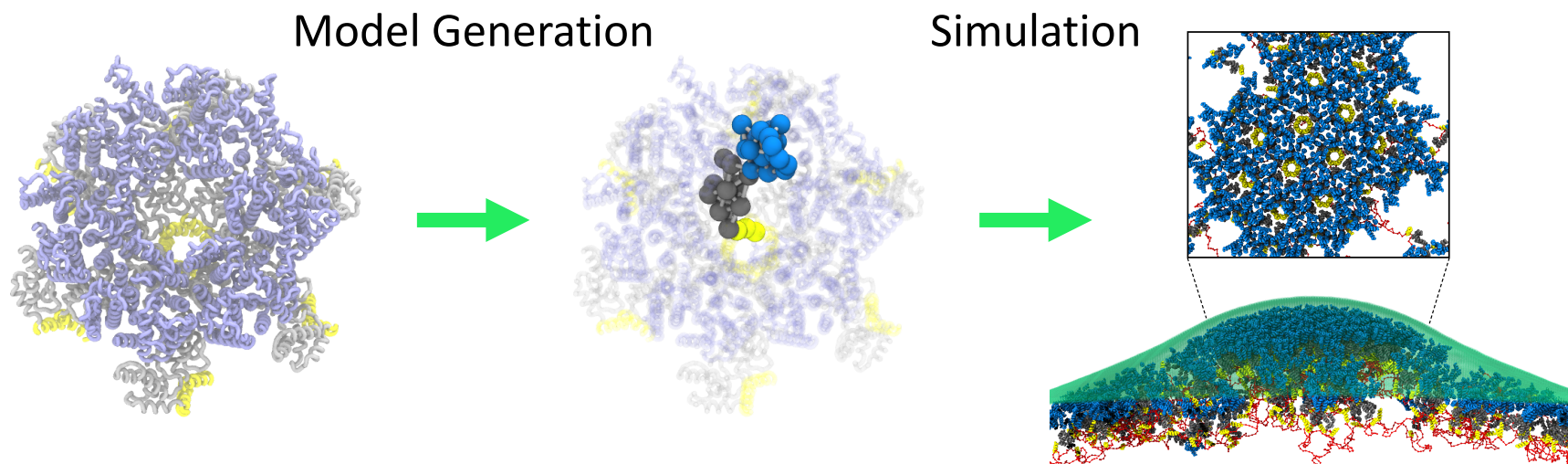
SI2-SSE: Open OnDemand: Transforming  
Computational Science through Omnidisciplinary  
Software Cyberinfrastructure

**David Hudak**



# SI2-SSE: Highly Efficient and Scalable Software for Coarse-Grained Molecular Dynamics

PI: Gregory A. Voth



## KEY CHALLENGES

- Systematic CG development is difficult and fragmented
- Bottlenecks slow simulation implementation and runtime

## OUR APPROACH

- Integrated tools for bottom-up CG development and simulation
- Open-source network to enable community-driven development



# Development of computational methods for the characterization of novel strongly correlated materials: from DFT to DMFT

NSF SI2 PI meeting, Washington D.C. (2018)

Hyowon Park (The University of Illinois at Chicago),  
Aldo Romero (West Virginia University)

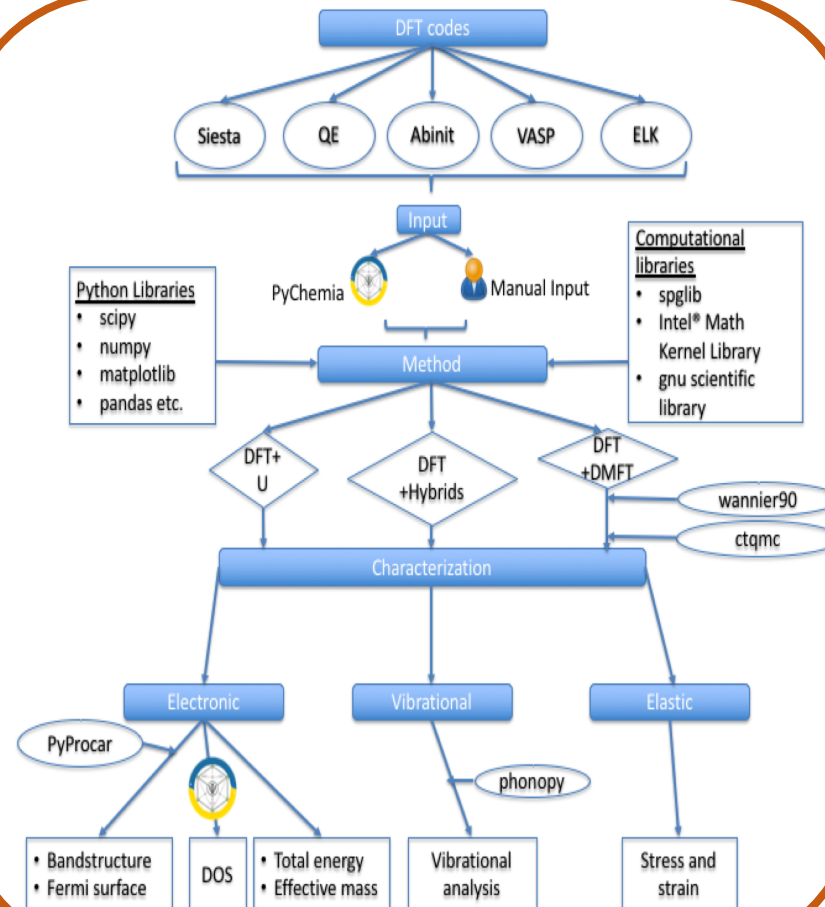
## Motivations

- Dynamical mean field theory (DMFT) : a powerful method for novel strongly correlated materials.
- DMFT can be interfaced with density functional theory (DFT) for describing materials with both weakly and strongly correlated electrons.
- Popular DFT codes has different interfaces for inputs and usual DFT equation scales as  $O(N^3)$ .
- Combining DMFT with different DFT packages can be **problematic** due to **different choices of correlated orbitals** and **arbitrary choices of interaction parameters**.

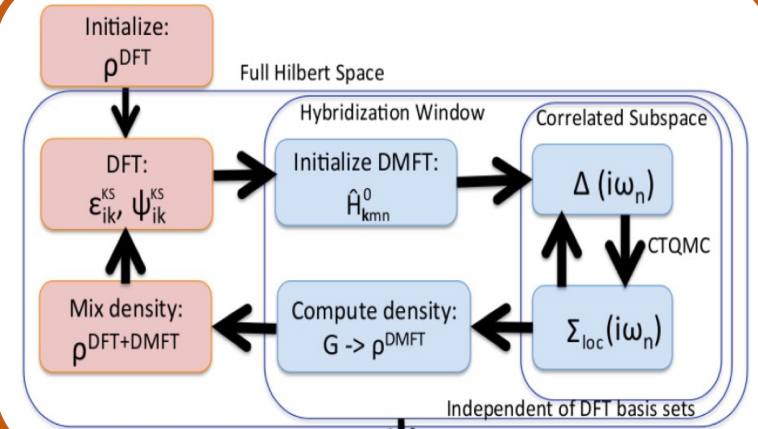
## New Implementations

- We build a new software package for DFT+DMFT which can be **scaled as  $O(N)$**  for large-scale strongly correlated materials.
- Our DFT+DMFT code is **user-friendly and open-source** interfaced with efficient DFT packages.
- We study electronic, vibrational, and elastic properties of strongly correlated materials by implementing **total energy and atomic force calculations** using DFT+DMFT.
- As proof of concept, we will show the band structure and the structural phase diagram of strongly correlated nickelates computed using DFT+DMFT

## Flow Chart



## DFT+DMFT

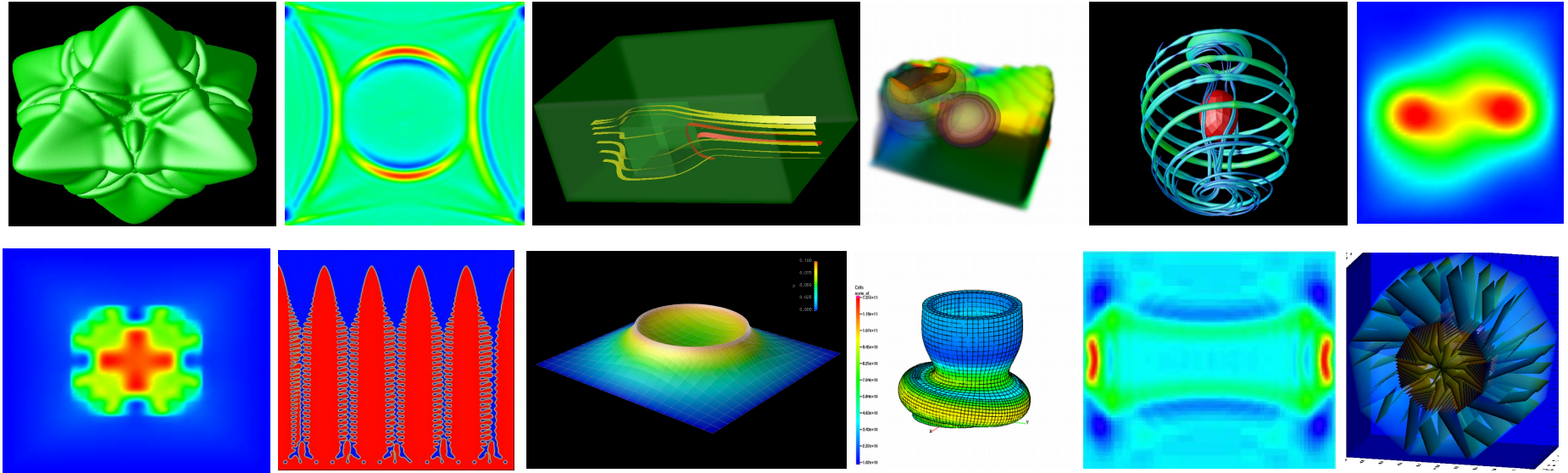


## Future Works

- Implementation of the interatomic forces within DFT+DMFT and extend the functionality to calculate phonons and stress of strongly correlated materials.
- Interface of the DMFT code with free licensed DFT packages including Siesta, Abinit, and QE.
- Application of our DFT+DMFT code to the study of strongly correlated materials including Gd and oxides.
- Two-particle susceptibility calculations including the optical conductivity and the magnetic susceptibility.
- Fermi surface calculations.

## deal.II

A library for finite element computations that supports...



...a large variety of PDE applications tailored to non-experts.

### **Fundamental premise:**

Provide building blocks that can be used in many different ways, not a rigid framework.

# Conceptualization of an S2I2 Institute for High Energy Physics

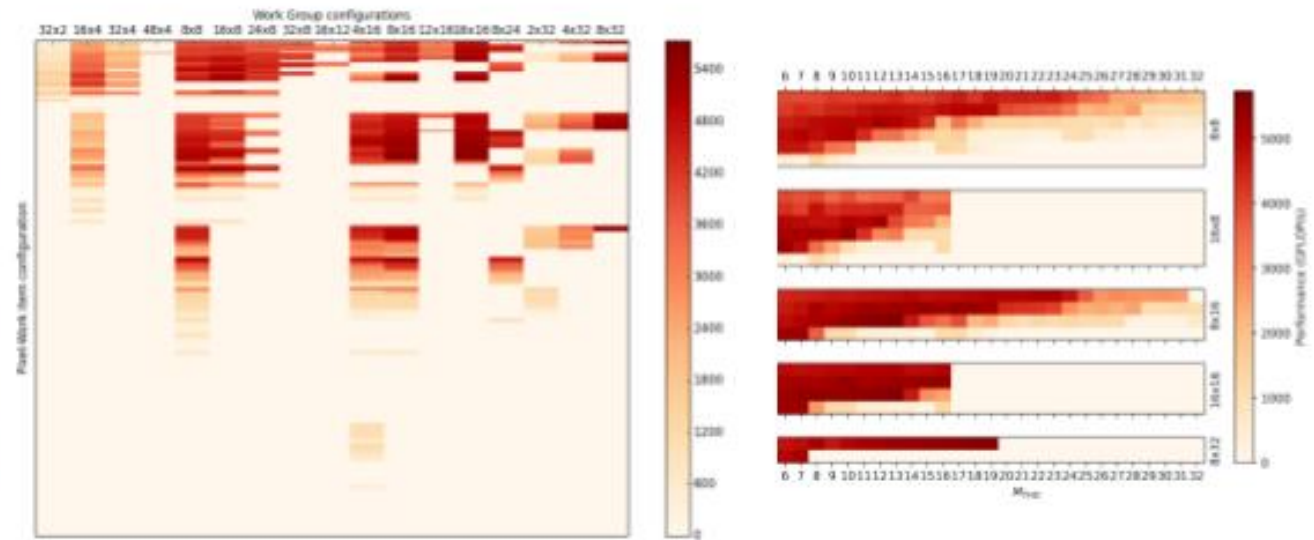
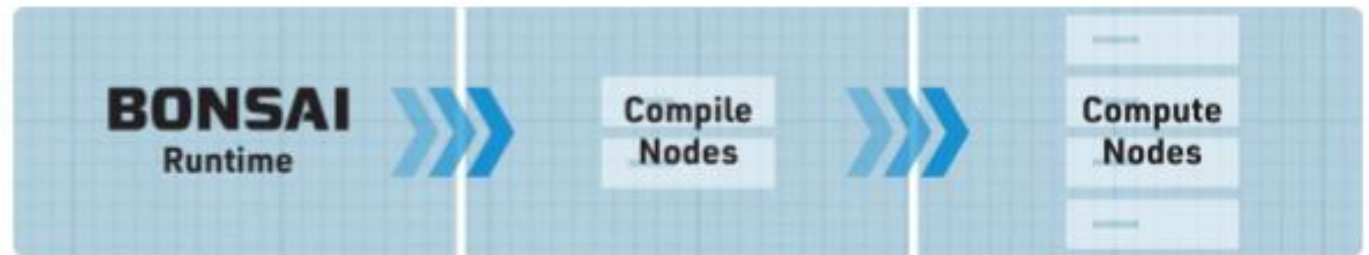
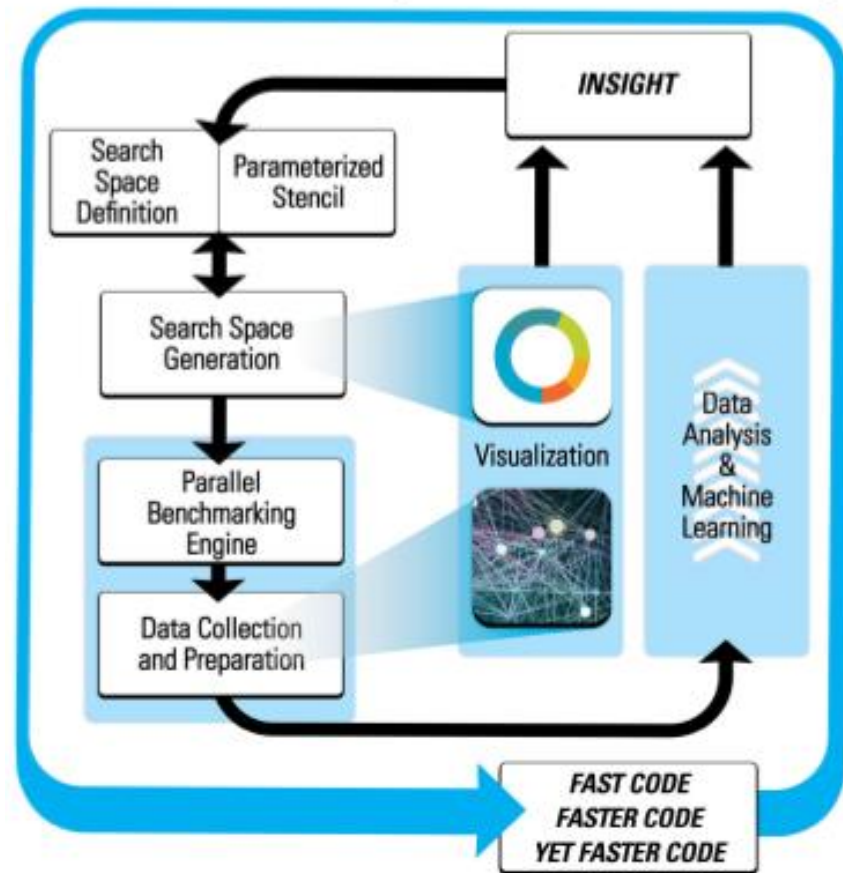
**Peter Elmer**



# SI2-SSI: BONSAI

## Benchmarking Open Software Autotuning Infrastructure

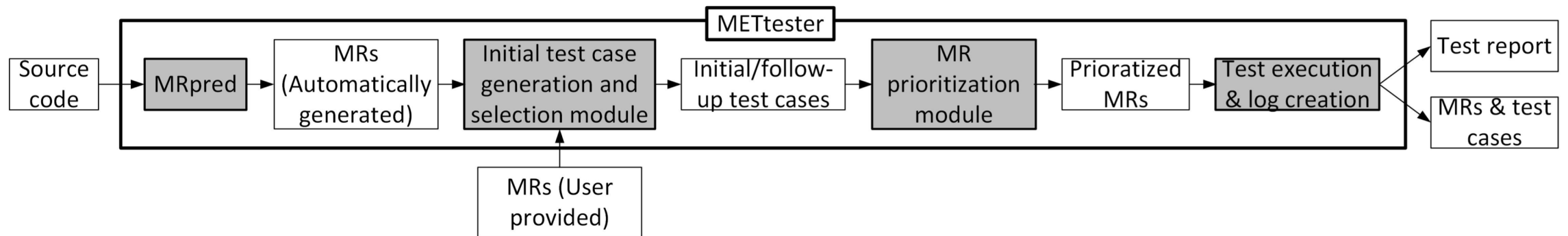
Piotr Luszczek, Jakub Kurzak, Matthew Bachstein, Yaohung Mike Tsai, Jack Dongarra



# Toward Sustainable Software for Science - Implementing and Assessing Systematic Testing Approaches for Scientific Software

Upulee Kanewala, Montana State University

- Systematic testing of scientific software is challenging due to the *oracle problem*.
- **METtester**: a publicly available testing tool that can be used in the day-to-day scientific development process.



# SI2-S2I2 Conceptualization: Geospatial Software Institute

**Shaowen Wang**

# SI2-SSE: Expanding the Scope of Materials Modeling with EPW Software

**PIs:** E. R. Margine, M. Govindaraju, SUNY Binghamton

- EPW provides unprecedented levels of accuracy and efficiency in calculations of materials properties defined by the interaction between electrons and atomic vibrations (i.e., electron-phonon interactions)
- Electron-phonon interactions are critical for understanding and designing electronic materials and devices (e.g., semiconductors, superconductors, and thermoelectrics).
- Develop accurate and robust software elements to model spin-dependent materials properties from first principles
- Develop Gateway Interfaces to ease usage of EPW
- Apache Mesos framework, Scylla, that leverages Docker Swarm for orchestration of containerized scientific jobs

